

## **Appendix A**

### **District and Community Demographics**

#### **INTRODUCTION**

Chicago has a rich history of economic growth and transformation. Our city set a global standard in the 19th century as an industrial giant as it developed a strong base of esteemed manufacturing firms, robust supply chains, and an efficient transport and logistics infrastructure. By the late 20th century, the focus of the city and the region had expanded to embrace a knowledge-based economy while developing a highly-skilled workforce. Today, the Chicago region has emerged as a major hub for national and global corporation headquarters and thriving finance, insurance, law, information technology, marketing/public relations, and logistics business communities.

The economy of Chicago and the region remains large and diverse, boasting a strong foundation of physical, human, technological, and institutional business assets. If the Chicago region were a country, it would be the 21st largest economy in the world. Our city and region are global in character, with a substantial and growing foreign-born population and non-stop flights to over 200 destinations around the world.

#### **CHICAGO POPULATION**

There are approximately 2.7 million people and 1 million households in Chicago, the third largest city in the United States.<sup>1</sup> An estimated 21 percent of the city's population is under 18 years old.

#### **CHICAGO PUBLIC SCHOOLS ENROLLMENT**

Chicago Public Schools (CPS) is the nation's third largest school district. In the 2020–21 school year, CPS enrollment was 340,658, a decline of 14,498 students from the prior school year. CPS has a higher proportion of students of color, low-income students, and English learners as compared to the city's population as a whole and to school districts in the rest of the state.

Enrollment numbers for the 2020-21 school year showed a bigger decline than prior years potentially due to the impact of COVID-19, an impact felt by districts throughout the state and country. With school set to open fully in the fall, CPS is working to re-engage students and is closely monitoring enrollment trends moving forward.

**Race and Ethnicity:** 46.7 percent of CPS students are Hispanic, 35.8 percent are African American, 10.9 percent are White, 4.3 percent are Asian, and 2.3 percent are multi-racial or other.

**English Learners:** English learners are students eligible for transitional bilingual education, and for whom English is not their native language. 63,313 CPS students were English learners during the 2020–21 school year, which is 18.6 percent of total district student enrollment.

**Income and Poverty:** CPS students are disproportionately low-income as compared to the rest of the state. Students ages 3 to 17 meet the low-income criteria if they receive or live in households that receive public aid from SNAP (Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program) or TANF (Targeted Assistance for Needy Families); are classified as homeless, migrant, runaway, Head Start, or foster children; or live in

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<sup>1</sup> As of the 2010 US Census.

a household where the household income meets (USDA) guidelines to receive free or reduced-price meals.

**Table 1: CPS Enrollment 2011 - 2020**

	Fall 2011 (FY12)	Fall 2012 (FY13)	Fall 2013 (FY14)	Fall 2014 (FY15)	Fall 2015 (FY16)	Fall 2016 (FY17)	Fall 2017 (FY18)	Fall 2018 (FY19)	Fall 2019 (FY20)	Fall 2020 (FY21)
<b>School-based PK*</b>	24,232	24,507	23,671	22,873	22,555	20,673	19,441	17,668	17,492	11,494
<b>Elementary Schools (K-8)</b>	266,046	266,555	264,845	261,803	258,563	251,623	244,589	237,779	232,931	223,967
<b>High schools (9-12)</b>	113,873	112,399	112,029	112,007	111,167	109,053	107,352	105,867	104,733	105,197
<b>Total Enrollment</b>	<b>404,151</b>	<b>403,461</b>	<b>400,545</b>	<b>396,683</b>	<b>392,285</b>	<b>381,349</b>	<b>371,382</b>	<b>361,314</b>	<b>355,156</b>	<b>340,658</b>